	dua, du-a (O) 1. death; 2. swear-word used as emphatic	promise	
HCN77	Dua (Du'a) (area) 07°54'/35°28'	07/35	[WO Gz]
HEJ86	Duada Mariam (church)	12/37	[WO]
JDR93	Duaeichel (Dualeika) 10°46'/41°57' 875 m	10/41	[Gz]
JED11	Duanle, see Dewele		
HEC29	Duaro	11/37	[WO]
HDU43	Duat (Du'at) 10°16'/39°39'	10/39	[WO Gz]
HBR89	Duati 05°17'/37°29' 1103 m	05/37	[WO Gz]
	dub (Som) 1. skin, peel, peeling; 2. bake, cook, fry;		
	duub (Som) 1. turban; 2. leader;		
	dhuub (Som) 1. bundle; 2. thin person		
HBM45	Dub, H. (area)	04/39	[WO]
	duba (O) 1. back, behind, continuation, retinue;		
	2. sheep's tail; 3. outer surface of an object;		
	4. level direction, not upwards or downwards		
	dhuubaa (O) soaked grain; Duba, a male name among tl	he Borana	
HDL92	Duba 09°56'/38°38' 2065 m	09/38	[AA Gz]
HDT28	Duba 10°09'/39°10' 2543 m	10/39	[Gz]
JEA92	Duba 11°45'/40°00' 934 m	11/40	[Gz]
HCH66	Duba Yaneba 06°59'/36°18' 1712 m	06/36	[Gz]
***		07/070	[20]
Н	Dubamo (historical)	07/37?	[20]
	A state formed in Kambata about 1550-1570.		C1

Dubamo people were known to have slave trade with Jimma even after the anti-slavery proclamation of 1923.

[Grenstedt 2000 p 47, citing Braukämper 1980]

?? **Dubancho**

../.. [20]

East-north-east of Hosaina.

Elders of the evolving Evangelical church, around 1937, were Abba Gole and Ato Haile Mariam. Sabiro Wesero (see Hosaina: Lambuda) later had his home there and was photographed as an old man in 1998.

Norman Couser and his wife stayed at Dubancho when they visited the Kembata/Hadiya region for the SIM mission during 3 months at the end of 1944. There was a temporary Bible-school in Dubancho at that time.

When SIM missionaries resettled in Dubancho, Dr and Mrs Wilson and Miss Warhanik reached there on 13 July 1946. On their first Sunday three hundred and fifty gathered for the service. Abba Gole and the early elders were still in charge of the Kembata Evangelical Church, which by then had about 10,000 members.

[Grenstedt 2000]

dubba (A,O) gourd, pumpkin, squash, Cucurbita pepo;

(O) reception hall;

HDA17	Dubba (Duba) 08°35'/35°30' 1607 m	08/35	[+Gz]
JEG15	Dubba (area)	11/40	[WO]
HEU21	Dubbai (Dubbar) (pass) 12°51′/39°30′ 3938 m see under Maychew	12/39	[WO Gz Gu]
HET07	Dubban (Sciumsciaca) 12°41'/39°09' 2019 m	12/39	[Gz]
	dubbano: dubana (O) level direction, not upwards/d	lownwards	
HCS30	Dubbano (mountain)	07/37	[WO]
HEU21	Dubbar, see Dubbai		

dubbi (O) matter, question, occupation, conversation,

argument, idea, trouble, intrigue

Dubbi (Dubi) (in Afar region) 08°58'/34°47' 1769 m GDF85 08/34 [WO Gz]

5 km NW of the Dubbi volcano in the Joita mountains there occur limestones of a young

type, stratified dark-grey and yellow. [Mineral 1966]

In May 1861, during the eruption of the Dubbi volcano, over 100 people were killed. [P Gouin]

texts A Perrey, Notes sur les tremblements de terre en 1861, Bruxelles 1864.

L Palazzo, A proposito di moderne manifestazioni di attività vulcanica in Dancalia, Firenze 1908.

HDG09	Dubdo 09°06'/35°36' 1628 m	09/35	[Gz]
	Dube, name of a Bantu group in the Shebeli region		
JDH47	Dube 09°27'/41°24' 1855 m	09/41	[Gz]
JDK30	Dube Dile 09°22'/42°33' 1515 m	09/42	[Gz]
HDL44	Duber 09°29'/38°50' 2578 m (with church Gebriel)	09/38	[AA Gz]
HDL	Duber sub-district (centre in 1964 = Jebara)	09/38	[Ad]
HFL07	Dubere 14°28'/39°06' 1791 m	14/39	[Gz]
HEF55	Dubeta sub-district (centre in 1964 = Gedero)	11/39	[Ad]
	in Ambasel awraja		

HCE56c Dubicha Gudda (mountain) 05/39

Peridotite rocks have been observed. An area with serpentinites has a length of a few kilometres and a width of several hundred metres. Primary occurrences of chromite have been indicated. At least two types of asbestos have been proved by excavations around 1965. The weathered serpentinite shows enrichments of nickel, though the contents are only in the range of 0.5-1.2% of nickel. A small number of chromite pieces occur. [Mineral 1966]

[Mi]

HCE56c Dubicha Mika (D. Tika) (mountain) 05/39 [Mi]

Situated 5 km east of Kibre Mengist and south of Dubicha Gudda. Its geology is similar to that of Dubicha Gudda. 46 drills were carried out in the 1960s to prove about 500,000 metric tons of ore containing in average 1.2% of nickel. [Mineral 1966]

		$\boldsymbol{\mathcal{C}}$	U	L	-
HCT94	Dubisa (Dubissa)			08/38	[Gu Wa WO]
HDE22	Dubisa 08°21'/38°39' 2121	m		08/38	[Gz]
HDE35	Dubisa 08°27'/38°56' 1667	m		08/38	[Gz]
IIDII	D 11 1 D 1 1 1				

HBK88 Dublock, see Dubuluk

Kahissay.

dubo (O) sheep's tail

HCK82 **Dubo** (Dubbo, Doubo) 07°04'/37°41' 07/37 [Gz Ad Gu WO]

(centre in 1964 of Sore sub-district)

25 km north of Soddo, c2000 m altitude.

A French-Canadian Catholic mission had been established there by 1935. Their school with about 60 children was the only one in Welamo at that time and taught Amharic and French. The mission also had a small dispensary. [Zervos 1936]

HBL58	Dubosso (area)	04/39	[WO]
JEB95	Dubti (Dubty, Duphty, Dubte, Dufti, Dufty) 11°44′/41°05′ 378 m (with sub-post office)	11/41	[Gz Po Te x]
1960	The Tendaho Plantations Share Co., based on an agreem Ethiopian Government and the Mitchell Cotts Co., plant		
1960s	Dubti. Around 1968 the irrigated area was about 6,000 h Telephones in 1967 for Tendaho plantation and for six p Dawud Abegaz, Kiros Dagnew, Mohammed Salim, Osn	ersonal na	·

A mission primary school (in Awssa awraja) in 1968 had 34 boys and 22 girls in grades 1-3, with 3 male teachers of which one foreign.

The earthquake in Serdo on 29 March 1969 caused no damage to houses outside that village except that in Dubti, about 40 km away, a house built of soil blocks collapsed.

Local History of Ethiopia Dua - Dyesha © Bernhard Lindahl (2005)

[P Gouin]

1970s Settlement farm controlled by the Awash Valley Authority and in the early 1970s still rather small. [Gilkes 1975 p 132]

At Dubti army camp on 24 July 1975 General Teferi Benti praised the troops for "crushing in the bud a rebellion fomented by followers of the reactionary feudal lord, Ali Mirah" (who by then had found refuge in Djibouti). [Eth. Herald]

1980s Population around 10.300 in 1984.

February 1989: "The small Afar Liberation Front was reportedly involved for the first time in a joint EPLF/TPLF/ALF raid to destroy aircraft and military vehicles at Dubti near the Djibouti border." [Keesing's 36454]

According to a clandestine radio of the EPLF (Eritrean People's Liberation Front) it destroyed nine military aircraft during a raid on the Dubti military garrison, 400 km northeast of Addis Abeba. This was the first EPLF attack in recent years outside Eritrea province. [News]

1990s Population around 16,500 in 1994.

Dubti is one of ten air force bases in Ethiopia.

[World directory of defence .. 1995]

2000s Population around 20,300 in 2001, a doubling in 15 years' time.

JEB95 Dubti sub-district (-1997-) 11/41 [n] JEB95 Dubti wereda (-2000-) 11/41 [n]

GDL47 Dubu (Jebel Dubu) 09°25'/34°07' 1367 m 09/34 [Gz]

(mountain on the border)

JD... Dubub ../.. [x]

Around 27 July 1977 some soldiers of Ethiopian regular forces were taken prisoners of war at Dubub. They were later shown to foreign journalists at Egeladi fort in Ogaden on 15 September. [News]

HDH27 Dubulu 09°18′/36°24′ 1675 m 09/36 [Gz]

HBK88 **Dubuluk** (Dubuluk', Dubuluch, Dubuluc, Dublock) 04/38 [Gz WO Gu 20]

04°22'/38°18' 1513 m (area, with seasonal waterhole)

Village 70 km south of Yabelo. There are nine of the famous deep Borena wells currently operating in the region, and some have been used for over a century. [Lonely planet 2000 p 227]

pict J Gallais, Une géographie ..., Paris 1989 p 118-119[9] well

dubur ..: ballaadh (Som) space, width

	\ / 1 /		
JDD87	Dubur Ballaad (area) 1566 m	08/43	[WO]
JDD87	Dubur Firk (area) 1566 m	08/43	[WO]
JEA55	Dubura (Dubra) (area) 11°19′/40°19′	11/40	[WO Gz]

JDR89 Duc, see Duk

HEJ34 Duc el-Arua (Duce Arua), see Goy

JDP44 Duca, see Duka HDE75 Ducam, see Dukem

ducha (O) kosso tree, Hagenia abyssinica

HCB96 Ducha (Bonca) 06°16′/36°15′ 1254 m 06/36 [Gz] HDS35 Duche (Duch'e) 10°16′/38°02′ 2404 m 10/38 [Gz]

?? Duchie, see Dukiye

HEF91 Ducko (Ducco) (area), cf Duko 11/39 [+ WO]

HBT68 Duco Fulu, see Dukafulu

HCG64 Ducu, see Duko HDE78 Ducub, see Dukub JCK92 Ducun, see Dihun

dud (Som) scatter, disperse out of fear;

duud (Som) 1. peak, mountain top; 2. back of the human body;

	H. J (Carr) string throad		
ID110 <i>5</i>	dhud (Som) string, thread	04/41	[WO C-1
JBH85	Dud (area) 04°22'/41°10'	04/41	[WO Gz]
1151/21	duda (A) village, place in general, site; duudaa (O) deaf		[0]
HEM31	Duda Abo (church) 12°06'/39°27'	12/39	[Gz]
HEM40	Duda Abo (church) 12°07'/39°25'	12/39	[Gz]
HEF73	Duda Arba (Legaida) 11°30'/39°41' 1961 m	11/39	[Gz]
JDE28	Dudadad (area)	08/44	[WO]
JCK12	Dudagher (= Duda Ager?) (mountain)	06/42	[WO]
JCS26	Dudamori 07°26'/43°03' 872/884 m	07/43	[WO Gz]
HFF34	Dudassa 13°54'/39°46' 2861 m	13/39	[Gz]
	dudda (O) 1. vicinity; 2. back /of the body/		
JDK83	Dudda Abeha (area)	09/42	[WO]
JDK73	Duddabego (area)	09/42	[WO]
JDH39	Duddela, G. (area) 2734 m	09/41	[WO]
	duddo (O) coffee berries, coffee beans with the shell stil	l on;	
	duddo (Som) settlement, community, village;		
	dudu (O) 1. filled /pit/; 2. be deaf; dera, deera (O) tall, le	ong	
JDH57	Duddu Dera (area)	09/41	[WO]
JBG74	Dudducha (Dudducia) (plain)	04/40	[+ WO]
	duddun (Som) ant hill, termite mound; at (O) you		
JDK63	Duddun At (area)	09/42	[WO]
HES33	Dudebit, see under Dabat	13/37	[WO]
JCM01	Dudgubleh 06°23'/44°23' 431 m	06/44	[WO Gz]
HBM03	Dudmulla (Duomulla) 03°42'/39°36' or 37'	03/39	[WO Gz]
	(area with well)		
KCJ60	Dudub (with waterhole) 06°55'/46°42' 369 m	06/46	[WO Gz]
HEK97	Dudubba 12°35'/38°11' 1719 m	12/38	[WO Gz]
JCD83	Duei Tama, see Dwey Tama		
HDM80	Duera, see Duwera		
	dufa, dhufa (O) arrival		
HDE70	Dufa 08°44'/38°44' 1990 m	08/38	[WO Gz]
HDL10	Dufa 09°11'/38°27' 2618 m	09/38	[AA Gz]
HEM81	Duffat (mountains) 12°30'/39°30' 2479 m	12/39	[Gz]
	pass at 12°26'/39°33'		
HDE40	Duftu 08°31'/38°29' 2688 m	08/38	[Gz]
	dufu (O) 1. bend, hang down; 2. come, arrive; 3. again;		
	4. to fart; 5. coward		
	dug (A) deputy of the Patriarch; subordinate judge; duug	g- (O) scraj	pe clean
H	Dug Abo (centre in 1964 of Dug sub-district)	10/37	[Ad]
	duga (O) 1. (dhugaa) truth, justice; 2. (dhuga) beverage,	something	g to
	drink, yogurt		
HCD47	Duga (Jeba Sire) 05°49'/38°13' 2142 m	05/38	[WO Gz]
JBR52	Dugacho (Dugacio) 05°02'/41°50' 283 m	05/41	[+Gz]
JDS91	Dugarka (Dugarca) (area), see under Aysha	10/42	[+ WO]
	dugda (O) 1. backbone, spine; 2. flank, loin, arm as mea	sure;	-
	3. debt /of labour time/		
HC	Dugda (centre in 1964 of Ale sub-district)	07/38?	[Ad]
	Dugda [which one? in Arussi province]		
	Sudan Interior Mission had a clinic there (-1955-).		
HDE02	Dugda 08°10'/38°37' 1929 m	08/38	[Gz]
HDE64	Dugda 08°47'/38°18' 2087 m	08/38	[Gz]
HDJ66	Dugda Akeyi 09°39'/37°13' 2402 m	09/37	[Gz]
	dugda dera, long back = high waterfall?		
HDJ10	Dugda Dera 09°11′/36°36′ 1775 m	09/36	[Gz]
HDJ79	Dugda Dera (Dugde D.) 09°43′/37°27′ 1570 m	09/37	[Gz]
-			

HDL30	Dugda Dera 09°23'/38°26' 2409 m	09/38	[AA Gz]
IIDT10	(waterfalls nearby)	10/20	[WO]
HDT10	Dugda Derra	10/38	[WO]
HC	Dugda Ela (in Haykoch & Butajira awraja)	08/38?	[Ad]
	The primary school in 1968 had 48 boys and 1 girl in gr with one teacher.	ades 1-3,	
HDJ48	Dugda Kumbi (D. K'umbi, D. Qumbi)	09/37	[Gz q]
1112340	09°29'/37°23' 2332 m	07/31	[OZ q]
HC	Dugda sub-district (centre in 1964 = Dugda)	07/39	[Ad n]
110	(-1964-1997-)	01109	[110 11]
HDL70	Dugde Dera, see under Gebre Guracha	09/38	[AA]
HDL33	Dugde Guda 09°19'/38°42' 2587 m	09/38	[AA Gz]
HDJ85	Dugde Weremacho 09°51'/37°04' 2417 m	09/37	[Gz]
JDJ06	Duge, see Dige		
HFF31	Dugem [incorrect?], see Degum		
HBR15	Duggamunna, see Kumbi		
JDK35	Dugh, see Dugu		
JDC75	Dughdalle (area)	08/42	[WO]
JFB51	Dugiddu	14/40	[Ne]
HCL22	Dugo 06°36'/38°37' 2545 m	06/38	[Gz]
	dugu (O) scrape, whittle; dhugu (O) drink		
JDK35	Dugu (Dugh) 09°22'/42°57' 1798 m	09/42	[Gz WO]
	Coordinates would give map code JDK34		
HEU22	Dugua (Dugu'a) 12°52'/39°32' 2959 m	12/39	[Gz]
HDU78	Dugudu 10°43'/39°58' 1725 m	10/39	[Gz]
H	Dugum	13/39	[MS]
picts	Camerapix guide 1995 p 110 ceremonial fan kept at		
	Debre Tsiyon, and Medhane Alem rock-hewn church;		
	111 access by narrow ledge to Abba Daniel rock-hewn	church	
HFF31	Dugum (Dugem), see Degum		
	dugun (O) beverage, something to drink		
HCK65	Duguna (Duquma) 06°57'/38°02' 1864 m	06/38	[Gz]
HCK75	Duguna (area) 2289 m	06/38	[WO Gu]
JDK52	Duhuleley 09°33'/42°47' 1905 m	09/42	[Gz]
JCK92	Duhun, see Dihun		
HFE89	Duhutsa 14°20′/39°20′ 2159 m (with church Maryam)	14/39	[Gz]
JDC79	Duidalle (area)	08/42	[WO]
KCR21	Duierali, see Duyer Ali	0.4/20	
HBS06	Dujum, G. (area)	04/38	[WO]
HCS74	Dujuma 07°55'/37°55' 2767 m	07/37	[Gz]
JDJ51	Dujuma 09°34'/41°47' 1289 m	09/41	[Gz]
IDD00	duk: <i>duq</i> (Som) leader, elder, old man or woman or fem		[]
JDR89	Duk (Duc) 10°43'/42°26' 720 m	10/42	[Gz]
HEJ34	Duk el Arba, see Goy		
	duka (A) track, trail; (T) stool; (O) 1. behind, following	,	
JDP44	2. marrow, pith Duka (Duca) (area)	10/41	[+ WO]
HBT68	Dukafulu (Duco Fulu, Duco) 05°08'/39°09' 883 m	05/39	[Gz WO]
пртоо	dukan: dukaan (Arabic,Som) shop, store; dhukaan (Son		[UZ WU]
	of camels; dhukan (Som) hard of hearing; dukkana (O)	*	
HBU81	Dukan 05°15'/39°25' 1232 m	05/39	[Wa Gz]
110001	dukana, dukkana (O) cloud, dark	05/37	[vv a UZ]
??	Dukana (with waterhole, near Kenya border)	/	[x]
picts	F Hylander, I detta tecken, Sthlm 1936 p 329 waterho		[v]
Pions	G Ulland, Under Genferkorset, Oslo 1936	,	
	Commis, Charle Completed in Onto 1750		

JCB49 JDB50	p 136-137 ambulance members dukay: <i>dhukay</i> (Som) ear-wax; <i>dhukke</i> (O) dust Dukay (seasonal spring) 05°51'/41°34' Dukaye 08°39'/40°45' 1837 m	05/41 08/40	[WO Gz] [Gz]
HDE75	Dukem (Dukam, Ducam, Dukham) (Dukhan, Dukom) 08°48'/38°54' 1950/2125 m (centre in 1964 of Kajima sub-district) modern Dukem, see under Debre Zeyt	08/38 08/38	[Gz WO Pa] [It Po]
HDE 1520s	Dukem (historical area) "Ahmäd's forces returned later in the year /1527?/. Th Zequala mountain, and camped by the Dukham River in the town, and on enquiring as to its cause, learnt that who had set his home alight as he did not wish it to fall p 184] "Ahmäd and his followers later returned to attack Lebnä were forced to retreat across the Dukham River. They so burnt down the palace, where they captured immense lo	While at I it had beer into their had bengel's boon came be	Dukham they saw a fire a started by a nobleman hands." [Pankhurst 1997] palace at Badeqé, but back, however, and
1540s	cloth." [Pankhurst 1997 p 223] "The sources are unanimous in claiming that after their plants of river Ganale Doria, the two groups /Tulama-Ma Fatagar at a place called Oda Nabi, in Dukam, about 30 Addis Ababa." [Mohammed 1994 p 18]	migration t	from Harroo Walabuu l a common <i>chafe</i> in
HDL71	Dukemi 09°43'/38°31' 2538 m	09/38	[AA Gz]
??	Dukiye (Duchie) (slightly swampy plain)	/	[+ Gu]
	duko: duco (Arabic,Som) prayer, blessing		
HCG64	Duko (Duco, Ducu) (mountain) 06°54'/35°10' 923 m	06/35	[+Gz]
HCP27	Duko (Duco) (with landing ground)	07/36	[WO Gu]
1930s	With an airstrip from which Ras Imru was taken prisone	•	
HDL81	Dukocho 09°46'/38°32' 2780 m	09/38	[AA Gz]
HDR12	Dukon (Ducon) 10°08'/36°50' 1758 m	10/36	[Gz]
HDE78	Dukub (Ducub, M.) (area) dukuba, dhukkuba (O) pain, illness; duqoob (Som) to become old	08/39	[+ WO]
HCK65	Dukuma (Duquma) 06°57'/38°02' 1864 m	06/38	[+ n]
JCK92	dukun: <i>dukhun</i> (Harari) elephant Dukun (Ducun), see Dihun		
JCK92	Dukun (Ducun), see Dinun		
	dul (Som) 1. top, surface; 2. nostril; 3. patience; (Afar) hippopotamus; dhul (Som) country, land; homela fatherland; earth, the Earth; duul (Som) 1. group of peop 2. raid, attack; 3. to fly; dul (T) victory, success		
GDU60	Dul (Dull) (village) 10°33′/34°24′ 1186 m or 10°30′/34°23′ 869 m, mountain (Jebel Dul) at 10°29′/ (centre in 1964 of Kemosha sub-district)	10/34 '34°24'	[MS Ad WO Gu]
??	Dul (Gule?) (mountain in Wellega)	/	[Mi]
geol	Along the Dul scarp in Wellega, east of Kurmuk, chlorit		
gcoi	schists form a broad belt extending south to Nejo and no [Mohr, Geology 1961 p 21]		
	There is considered to be occurrences of gold-bearing que geologist Schmid of Otavi Bergbau AG. [Mineral 1966]		s, reported by the
1930s	In the Italian time the population of Dul district was aboundanted Hamid.		nd its chief was Shaikh

JCR17	Dul Gedud (area)	07/42	[WO]
JCR96	dul gudud: <i>guduud</i> (Som) red, reddish-brown, brown Dul Gudud (area) dul haud: <i>hawd</i> (Som) forest, thicket	08/42	[WO]
JCK70	Dul Haud (plateau) dul wa jigu: wa (O) 1. no; 2. something; jigu (O) fall dov	07/42	[WO]
JDR96	Dul Wa Jigu (Dul Ua Gigo) (area) dula (O) battle, raid, military expedition;	08/42	[+ WO]
	fighting place; (A) 1. strong, tenacious, resistant; 2. cudgel, knobbly stick		
	Abba Dula (O) "father of war", military commander		
HDD38	Dula 08°27'/38°20' 2722 m	08/38	[Gz]
JCP71	Dula Abbu (area), cf Dulla	07/40	[WO]
	dula koricha: koricha (qoricha) (O) medicine,		
	/figuratively:/ punishment	00/00	
HDK36	Dula Koricha (D. K'oricha, D. Qoricha)	09/38	[AA q]
HDK46	Dula Koricha, two at 8 km distance, 09°21'/38°06' 2662 m, and 09°25'/38°07' 1965 m	09/38	[AA Gz]
HDK	Dula Koricha sub-district (centre in 1964 = Kilbe)	09/38	[Ad]
JDN68	dulal (Som, plural) 1. tops, surfaces; 2. nostrils Dulale (area) 10°32'/40°30' 558 m, hill 10°30'/40°31'	10/40	[Ne WO Gz]
	dulat: dulet (dulät) 1. local assembly; 2. plot, conspiracy		
IDIZ10	3. kind of spiced dish, a mixture of liver, stomach, and h		[WO]
JDK18	Dulat (area)	09/43	[WO]
JBU64	Duldir (waterhole) 05°05'/44°41'	05/44	[WO Gz]
HCD69	Dule, see Duleta	09/20	[C-1
HDF45 HDG87	Dule 08°34'/39°49' 1492 m Dule 09°51'/35°28' 885 m	08/39 09/35	[Gz] [Gz]
HDG87	Dulecha 08°48'/39°48' 1060 m	08/39	[Gz]
HDJ55	Dulecha 09°31'/37°04' 2756 m (with church Maryam)	09/37	[Gz]
HDM56	Dulecha 09°33'/39°57' 1060 m (with clinic)	09/37	[Gz]
JCP70	Dulecha 07°54'/40°45' 1201 m	07/40	[Gz]
??	Dulecha sub-district (Dullecha) (-1997-)	/	[02] [n]
• •	The Awash river caused severe flooding in this area in S		
HCD69	Duleta (Dule) 10°02'/38°21' 2204 m	10/38	[Gz]
11020)	duleti: dullatti (O) female who is past the period of	10/00	[02]
	bearing children	00/00	
HDK45	Duleti 09°25'/38°02' 2478 m	09/38	[AA Gz]
JDJ79	Duleti (Duletti, Burta Dulleti) (mountain area) 1614 m	09/42	[Gz Gu WO]
JDJ79	Duleti 09°44'/42°29' 1428 m, mountain at 09°44'/42°27'		
	dulla (A,O) staff, stick, club, cudgel; dhulla (O) boil,		
HCIO	furuncle	07/26	[WO C., C-1
HCJ80	Dulla (mountain) 07°09'/36°38' 2782 m	07/36	[WO Gu Gz]
HDC20	Dulla 08°24'/36°40' 1550 m	08/36	[WO Gz]
	dullacha (O) old, huge /animal/;		
	dullecha (O) old cow that cannot have any more calves; (dulläch'a) (A) old bull;		
	dullache (O) male who is impotent or past the period of		
	fathering children		
JCP70	Dullecha (Dullecia) 1320 m	07/40	[+ WO Gu]
JC	Dullecha (Dullecia) (small village) 820 m	07/40?	[+ Gu]
1930s	A few houses on the bank of the river Webi. [Guida 193		[· ~~]
	dullo (Som) highland, mountainside		
HBT13	Dullona, G. (area)	04/38	[WO]
JDR95	Dullool (Dullul), see Dillul		

HDS09 HBT02	Dullota Dullowa (Dulloua) (area) 04°39'/38°43'	10/38 04/38	[WO] [+ WO Gz]
110102	Dunowa (Dunoua) (area) 04-39/38-43	04/30	[+ WO OZ]
	dullu gulan: <i>gulaan</i> (Som) kind of plant grazed by came <i>guulan</i> (Som) become terrified	els;	
HBU02	Dullu Gullan	04/39	[WO]
JDR93	Dullul (Douloul Darin) (area)	10/41	[+ WO]
JDR95	Dullul, see Dillul		
JEC04	Dullul (Douloul Darin) (well)	10/41	[Gu WO]
	A well from which the plain is also named. The plain is		
	grazing in the upper eastern part and almost complete de 1938]	esert in the	e western part. [Guida
HE	Dulo Cheffie (in Yeju awraja)	11/39	[n]
1112	Enrollment in the Sweden-supported Wello Environmen		
	Dulo Cheffie elementary school was 358 in 1986/87.	nui Daucui	non i roject at
	Dulu, a luba among the Borana 1563-70		
JDJ32	Dulu 09°22'/41°51' 2052 m	09/41	[Gz]
JDP74	Dulul (plain)	10/41	[WO]
JDS72	Dulusbo (area)	10/42	[WO]
HEU10	Dum 12°48'/39°22' 2444 m	12/39	[Gz]
	duma, dumma (T) baobab tree, Adansonia digitata;		
	duma (A) back of the head, occiput; dhuma (O) end;		
	dhumaa (O) ragged, shabby; dumaa (Som) dry grass		
HDN46	Duma (area) 10°20'/35°22' 932/1006 m	10/35	[WO Gz]
10005	dumale: dumaal (Som) to marry brother's widow	0.6/40	muo a l
JCG05	Dumale (area) 06°24′/40°20′	06/40	[WO Gz]
GCU63 ??	Dumbala Maryam (D. Marjam) 2005 m	07/34	[WO Gz]
HDR64	Dumbola Maryam (D. Mariam) 2095 m Dumbolgi (Dumbolghi) 2012 m	/ 10/37	[+ Gu] [+ WO]
HDS24c	Dumbuka, see Jibuti	10/37	[+ ₩0]
1100240	dumbulla: dumbalo (O) Chloris gayana; buundo (Som) t	bridge	
HBL98	Dumbulla Bund 04°29'/39°09'	04/39	[WO Gz]
	(with seasonal waterhole)		. ,
HDL32	Dumburi 09°19'/38°36' 2588 m	09/38	[AA Gz]
HC	Dumerso (in Derassa awraja)	06/38?	[Ad]
	The primary school in 1968 had 242 boys and 11 girls in	n grades 1-	-5,
	with two teachers.		1: -1.
HEK53	dumi, dumii (O) chief, leader, head; (Som) destroy, dism Dumi (mountain) 12°14′/37°50′ 2926 m	12/37	[WO Gz]
JDP67	Dumi, M. (area)	10/41	[WO]
JDR59c	Dumi (Doomi) (recorded in 1841)	10/41	[+ Ha]
HEJ24c	Dumkulka (Dumculca) 2445 m	11/37	[+ Gu]
	With a church of Maryam.		
HES44	Dumlo Yohannes (Dumlo Johannes) (church)	13/37	[+ WO]
	dumuga, dummuugaa (O) herb or trailing weed,		
	Justicia schimperiana, also Adhatoda sp.;		
	dumoga (eastern O) kind of shrub or small tree, grawa,		
	Vernonia amygdalina; (Kefa) shrub with spikes of large		
HCD50	flowers, Adhatoda schimperiana, used as a fence	07/26	[C-1
HCR52 HDL50	Dumuga 07°42'/36°48' 1827 m Dumuga 09°31'/38°39' 1973 m	07/36 09/38	[Gz] [AA Gz]
JDA32	Dumuga, see Dunuga	09/30	լռռ ՍՀյ
JD1134	dun (Som) 1. thread, twine; 2. slide, cave in, collapse;		
	dhun (Som) get lost, loose one's way;		
	(

	H (G) 1 1'C O 1 1 C		
HOE22	dhuun (Som) 1. life; 2. water pipe, barrel of a gun	05/20	[WO]
HCF32	Dun (area)	05/39	[WO]
VCD75	dun durwa: dhurwaa (Som) hyena	07/47	[]
KCR75	Dun Durwa (area)	07/47	[WO]
	duna (O) alone, lonely; Dunna, an Ado Mara tribe		
CDU04	of the Afar, living on the Dimo mountains	00/24	[WO]
GDU04	Dundul, G. (hill) 1520 m	09/34	[WO]
	dunduma, dhundhuma (O) cubit, ell, traditional unit		
IDI 00	of linear length	00/42	[+ WO]
JDL00	Dunduma Adley (D. Adlei) (area)	09/43	[+ WO]
HDD	Dunga (in Gudela-speaking area)	08/37	[x]
	From report by G W Playfair in September 1943:	throa hun	drad A former handit
	"I counted a Sunday morning congregation in Dunga of		ured A former bandit,
	with one hand (!), had started this and one other church	•	
JDC12	[T A Lambie, Boot and saddle, USA 1943 p 156] Dungata, see Dunkata		
HEC42	C ,		
JEC02	Dungoler, see Dangila	10/41	[WO]
HDT23	Dunguli (area)	10/41	[WO]
ПD123	Dunguomeschel, see Gundo Meskel		
HED 67	dungur: dingur (A) uneven ground Dungur (A mba D. Dungurt) (area) 120121/270141	13/37	$[C_{\sigma}WO,C_{n}]$
HER67	Dungur (Amba D., Dungut) (area) 13°12'/37°14'	13/3/	[Gz WO Gu]
HET56	of Dunkur	12/20	[]
HET56	Dungur (at 8 km south of Yechilay)	13/39	[x]
	With rock-hewn church Asela Maryam.		1 1. \ 110
	"A 8 km au S de Yetchila, sur la route conduisant à Fer	-	-
	Pourrait-bien être l'église de 'Ugher Mariam' mentionné	ee a cet enc	iroit sur les vieilles
HED C7	cartes." [Sauter 1976 p 174]		
HER67	Dungut, see Dungur		
111111171	Dynasyit (Dynasyit) ass under Dohas Dinhon	00/20	$\Gamma + WO1$
HDM71	Dungwit (Dunguit), see under Debre Birhan	09/39	[+ WO]
	duni (Som) world; duunni (Som) small boat; dhuuni (Som	om) food	
GCU04	duni (Som) world; duunni (Som) small boat; dhuuni (Som) Duni (area)	om) food 07/34	[WO]
GCU04 JDG79	duni (Som) world; duunni (Som) small boat; dhuuni (Som) uni (area) Dunkaga (Duncaga) 09°40′/40°39′ 822 m	om) food 07/34 09/40	[WO] [Ne Wa WO Gz]
GCU04 JDG79 JBJ32	duni (Som) world; duunni (Som) small boat; dhuuni (Som) Duni (area) Dunkaga (Duncaga) 09°40′/40°39′ 822 m Dunkal (waterhole)	om) food 07/34 09/40 03/41	[WO] [Ne Wa WO Gz] [WO]
GCU04 JDG79 JBJ32 JDJ27	duni (Som) world; duunni (Som) small boat; dhuuni (Som) uni (area) Dunkaga (Duncaga) 09°40′/40°39′ 822 m Dunkal (waterhole) Dunkaley 09°18°/42°16′ 1782 m	om) food 07/34 09/40 03/41 09/42	[WO] [Ne Wa WO Gz] [WO] [Gz]
GCU04 JDG79 JBJ32 JDJ27 JDC12	duni (Som) world; duunni (Som) small boat; dhuuni (Som) uni (area) Dunkaga (Duncaga) 09°40′/40°39′ 822 m Dunkal (waterhole) Dunkaley 09°18°/42°16′ 1782 m Dunkata (Duncata, Dungata) 08°17′/41°50′ 1228 m	om) food 07/34 09/40 03/41	[WO] [Ne Wa WO Gz] [WO]
GCU04 JDG79 JBJ32 JDJ27 JDC12 HEK81	duni (Som) world; duunni (Som) small boat; dhuuni (Som) uni (area) Dunkaga (Duncaga) 09°40'/40°39' 822 m Dunkal (waterhole) Dunkaley 09°18°/42°16' 1782 m Dunkata (Duncata, Dungata) 08°17'/41°50' 1228 m Dunkaz, see Denkez	om) food 07/34 09/40 03/41 09/42 08/41	[WO] [Ne Wa WO Gz] [WO] [Gz] [+ Gz Wa]
GCU04 JDG79 JBJ32 JDJ27 JDC12	duni (Som) world; duunni (Som) small boat; dhuuni (Som) uni (area) Dunkaga (Duncaga) 09°40'/40°39' 822 m Dunkal (waterhole) Dunkaley 09°18°/42°16' 1782 m Dunkata (Duncata, Dungata) 08°17'/41°50' 1228 m Dunkaz, see Denkez Dunkuku (Dunk'uk'u, Dunququ, Gara Doncuru)	om) food 07/34 09/40 03/41 09/42	[WO] [Ne Wa WO Gz] [WO] [Gz]
GCU04 JDG79 JBJ32 JDJ27 JDC12 HEK81	duni (Som) world; duunni (Som) small boat; dhuuni (Som) uni (area) Dunkaga (Duncaga) 09°40′/40°39′ 822 m Dunkal (waterhole) Dunkaley 09°18°/42°16′ 1782 m Dunkata (Duncata, Dungata) 08°17′/41°50′ 1228 m Dunkaz, see Denkez Dunkuku (Dunk'uk'u, Dunququ, Gara Doncuru) 09°11′/41°10′ 2226m	om) food 07/34 09/40 03/41 09/42 08/41	[WO] [Ne Wa WO Gz] [WO] [Gz] [+ Gz Wa]
GCU04 JDG79 JBJ32 JDJ27 JDC12 HEK81	duni (Som) world; duunni (Som) small boat; dhuuni (Som) uni (area) Dunkaga (Duncaga) 09°40'/40°39' 822 m Dunkal (waterhole) Dunkaley 09°18°/42°16' 1782 m Dunkata (Duncata, Dungata) 08°17'/41°50' 1228 m Dunkaz, see Denkez Dunkuku (Dunk'uk'u, Dunququ, Gara Doncuru) 09°11'/41°10' 2226m mountain at 09°09'/41°09 2130 m	om) food 07/34 09/40 03/41 09/42 08/41	[WO] [Ne Wa WO Gz] [WO] [Gz] [+ Gz Wa] [Gz q WO]
GCU04 JDG79 JBJ32 JDJ27 JDC12 HEK81 JDH15	duni (Som) world; duunni (Som) small boat; dhuuni (Som) uni (area) Dunkaga (Duncaga) 09°40'/40°39' 822 m Dunkal (waterhole) Dunkaley 09°18°/42°16' 1782 m Dunkata (Duncata, Dungata) 08°17'/41°50' 1228 m Dunkaz, see Denkez Dunkuku (Dunk'uk'u, Dunququ, Gara Doncuru) 09°11'/41°10' 2226m mountain at 09°09'/41°09 2130 m dunkur: denkoro (dänqoro) (A) deaf; kurre (O) lake with	om) food 07/34 09/40 03/41 09/42 08/41 09/41	[WO] [Ne Wa WO Gz] [WO] [Gz] [+ Gz Wa] [Gz q WO]
GCU04 JDG79 JBJ32 JDJ27 JDC12 HEK81	duni (Som) world; duunni (Som) small boat; dhuuni (Som) uni (area) Dunkaga (Duncaga) 09°40'/40°39' 822 m Dunkal (waterhole) Dunkaley 09°18°/42°16' 1782 m Dunkata (Duncata, Dungata) 08°17'/41°50' 1228 m Dunkaz, see Denkez Dunkuku (Dunk'uk'u, Dunququ, Gara Doncuru) 09°11'/41°10' 2226m mountain at 09°09'/41°09 2130 m dunkur: denkoro (dänqoro) (A) deaf; kurre (O) lake with Dunkur (Duncur, Dongur, Dangur, Dangvur)	om) food 07/34 09/40 03/41 09/42 08/41 09/41 th rainwate 11/35	[WO] [Ne Wa WO Gz] [WO] [Gz] [+ Gz Wa] [Gz q WO]
GCU04 JDG79 JBJ32 JDJ27 JDC12 HEK81 JDH15	duni (Som) world; duunni (Som) small boat; dhuuni (Som) uni (area) Dunkaga (Duncaga) 09°40'/40°39' 822 m Dunkal (waterhole) Dunkaley 09°18°/42°16' 1782 m Dunkata (Duncata, Dungata) 08°17'/41°50' 1228 m Dunkaz, see Denkez Dunkuku (Dunk'uk'u, Dunququ, Gara Doncuru) 09°11'/41°10' 2226m mountain at 09°09'/41°09 2130 m dunkur: denkoro (dänqoro) (A) deaf; kurre (O) lake with	om) food 07/34 09/40 03/41 09/42 08/41 09/41	[WO] [Ne Wa WO Gz] [WO] [Gz] [+ Gz Wa] [Gz q WO]
GCU04 JDG79 JBJ32 JDJ27 JDC12 HEK81 JDH15	duni (Som) world; duunni (Som) small boat; dhuuni (Som) uni (area) Dunkaga (Duncaga) 09°40'/40°39' 822 m Dunkal (waterhole) Dunkaley 09°18°/42°16' 1782 m Dunkata (Duncata, Dungata) 08°17'/41°50' 1228 m Dunkaz, see Denkez Dunkuku (Dunk'uk'u, Dunququ, Gara Doncuru) 09°11'/41°10' 2226m mountain at 09°09'/41°09 2130 m dunkur: denkoro (dänqoro) (A) deaf; kurre (O) lake with Dunkur (Duncur, Dongur, Dangur, Dangvur) (Dongar) 11°59'/35°55' 708/900, 2375 m	om) food 07/34 09/40 03/41 09/42 08/41 09/41 th rainwate 11/35 11/35	[WO] [Ne Wa WO Gz] [WO] [Gz] [+ Gz Wa] [Gz q WO] er [Gz WO Gu Wa] [18]
GCU04 JDG79 JBJ32 JDJ27 JDC12 HEK81 JDH15 HEH22	duni (Som) world; duunni (Som) small boat; dhuuni (Som) uni (area) Dunkaga (Duncaga) 09°40′/40°39′ 822 m Dunkal (waterhole) Dunkaley 09°18°/42°16′ 1782 m Dunkata (Duncata, Dungata) 08°17′/41°50′ 1228 m Dunkaz, see Denkez Dunkuku (Dunk'uk'u, Dunququ, Gara Doncuru) 09°11′/41°10′ 2226m mountain at 09°09′/41°09 2130 m dunkur: denkoro (dänqoro) (A) deaf; kurre (O) lake with Dunkur (Duncur, Dongur, Dangur, Dangvur) (Dongar) 11°59′/35°55′ 708/900, 2375 m Dunkur (Duncur, Duncar) 12°13′/36°00′ 882 m	om) food 07/34 09/40 03/41 09/42 08/41 09/41 th rainwate 11/35 11/35	[WO] [Ne Wa WO Gz] [WO] [Gz] [+ Gz Wa] [Gz q WO] er [Gz WO Gu Wa] [18] [+ WO Gz]
GCU04 JDG79 JBJ32 JDJ27 JDC12 HEK81 JDH15	duni (Som) world; duunni (Som) small boat; dhuuni (Som) uni (area) Dunkaga (Duncaga) 09°40′/40°39′ 822 m Dunkal (waterhole) Dunkaley 09°18°/42°16′ 1782 m Dunkata (Duncata, Dungata) 08°17′/41°50′ 1228 m Dunkaz, see Denkez Dunkuku (Dunk'uk'u, Dunququ, Gara Doncuru) 09°11′/41°10′ 2226m mountain at 09°09′/41°09 2130 m dunkur: denkoro (dänqoro) (A) deaf; kurre (O) lake with Dunkur (Duncur, Dongur, Dangur, Dangvur) (Dongar) 11°59′/35°55′ 708/900, 2375 m Dunkur (Duncur, Duncar) 12°13′/36°00′ 882 m "At Dunkur, west of Lake Tana, the 1500m Mesozoic s	om) food 07/34 09/40 03/41 09/42 08/41 09/41 th rainwate 11/35 11/35 12/36 uccession	[WO] [Ne Wa WO Gz] [WO] [Gz] [+ Gz Wa] [Gz q WO] er [Gz WO Gu Wa] [18] [+ WO Gz] of the middle Abbai
GCU04 JDG79 JBJ32 JDJ27 JDC12 HEK81 JDH15 HEH22	duni (Som) world; duunni (Som) small boat; dhuuni (Som) uni (area) Dunkaga (Duncaga) 09°40′/40°39′ 822 m Dunkal (waterhole) Dunkaley 09°18°/42°16′ 1782 m Dunkata (Duncata, Dungata) 08°17′/41°50′ 1228 m Dunkaz, see Denkez Dunkuku (Dunk'uk'u, Dunququ, Gara Doncuru) 09°11′/41°10′ 2226m mountain at 09°09′/41°09 2130 m dunkur: denkoro (dänqoro) (A) deaf; kurre (O) lake with Dunkur (Duncur, Dongur, Dangur, Dangvur) (Dongar) 11°59′/35°55′ 708/900, 2375 m Dunkur (Duncur, Duncar) 12°13′/36°00′ 882 m "At Dunkur, west of Lake Tana, the 1500m Mesozoic son region has shrunk to less than 200m which consists sole	om) food 07/34 09/40 03/41 09/42 08/41 09/41 th rainwate 11/35 11/35 12/36 uccession elly of shore	[WO] [Ne Wa WO Gz] [WO] [Gz] [+ Gz Wa] [Gz q WO] or [Gz WO Gu Wa] [18] [+ WO Gz] of the middle Abbai e-line sandstones
GCU04 JDG79 JBJ32 JDJ27 JDC12 HEK81 JDH15 HEH22	duni (Som) world; duunni (Som) small boat; dhuuni (Som) uni (area) Dunkaga (Duncaga) 09°40′/40°39′ 822 m Dunkal (waterhole) Dunkaley 09°18°/42°16′ 1782 m Dunkata (Duncata, Dungata) 08°17′/41°50′ 1228 m Dunkaz, see Denkez Dunkuku (Dunk'uk'u, Dunququ, Gara Doncuru) 09°11′/41°10′ 2226m mountain at 09°09′/41°09 2130 m dunkur: denkoro (dänqoro) (A) deaf; kurre (O) lake with Dunkur (Duncur, Dongur, Dangur, Dangvur) (Dongar) 11°59′/35°55′ 708/900, 2375 m Dunkur (Duncur, Duncar) 12°13′/36°00′ 882 m "At Dunkur, west of Lake Tana, the 1500m Mesozoic is region has shrunk to less than 200m which consists sole marking the extreme limit of the Mesozoic transgressive	om) food 07/34 09/40 03/41 09/42 08/41 09/41 th rainwate 11/35 11/35 12/36 uccession elly of shore	[WO] [Ne Wa WO Gz] [WO] [Gz] [+ Gz Wa] [Gz q WO] or [Gz WO Gu Wa] [18] [+ WO Gz] of the middle Abbai e-line sandstones
GCU04 JDG79 JBJ32 JDJ27 JDC12 HEK81 JDH15 HEH22	duni (Som) world; duunni (Som) small boat; dhuuni (Som) uni (area) Dunkaga (Duncaga) 09°40′/40°39′ 822 m Dunkal (waterhole) Dunkaley 09°18°/42°16′ 1782 m Dunkata (Duncata, Dungata) 08°17′/41°50′ 1228 m Dunkaz, see Denkez Dunkuku (Dunk'uk'u, Dunququ, Gara Doncuru) 09°11′/41°10′ 2226m mountain at 09°09′/41°09 2130 m dunkur: denkoro (dänqoro) (A) deaf; kurre (O) lake with Dunkur (Duncur, Dongur, Dangur, Dangvur) (Dongar) 11°59′/35°55′ 708/900, 2375 m Dunkur (Duncur, Duncar) 12°13′/36°00′ 882 m "At Dunkur, west of Lake Tana, the 1500m Mesozoic somerking the extreme limit of the Mesozoic transgressive be confused with the Nubian Sandstone of Sudan."	om) food 07/34 09/40 03/41 09/42 08/41 09/41 th rainwate 11/35 11/35 12/36 uccession elly of shore	[WO] [Ne Wa WO Gz] [WO] [Gz] [+ Gz Wa] [Gz q WO] or [Gz WO Gu Wa] [18] [+ WO Gz] of the middle Abbai e-line sandstones
GCU04 JDG79 JBJ32 JDJ27 JDC12 HEK81 JDH15 HEH22	duni (Som) world; duunni (Som) small boat; dhuuni (Som) uni (area) Dunkaga (Duncaga) 09°40′/40°39′ 822 m Dunkal (waterhole) Dunkaley 09°18°/42°16′ 1782 m Dunkata (Duncata, Dungata) 08°17′/41°50′ 1228 m Dunkaz, see Denkez Dunkuku (Dunk'uk'u, Dunququ, Gara Doncuru) 09°11′/41°10′ 2226m mountain at 09°09′/41°09 2130 m dunkur: denkoro (dänqoro) (A) deaf; kurre (O) lake with Dunkur (Duncur, Dongur, Dangur, Dangvur) (Dongar) 11°59′/35°55′ 708/900, 2375 m Dunkur (Duncur, Duncar) 12°13′/36°00′ 882 m "At Dunkur, west of Lake Tana, the 1500m Mesozoic is region has shrunk to less than 200m which consists sole marking the extreme limit of the Mesozoic transgressive	om) food 07/34 09/40 03/41 09/42 08/41 09/41 th rainwate 11/35 11/35 12/36 uccession elly of shore	[WO] [Ne Wa WO Gz] [WO] [Gz] [+ Gz Wa] [Gz q WO] or [Gz WO Gu Wa] [18] [+ WO Gz] of the middle Abbai e-line sandstones
GCU04 JDG79 JBJ32 JDJ27 JDC12 HEK81 JDH15 HEH22 HEH53 geol	duni (Som) world; duunni (Som) small boat; dhuuni (Som) uni (area) Dunkaga (Duncaga) 09°40′/40°39′ 822 m Dunkal (waterhole) Dunkaley 09°18°/42°16′ 1782 m Dunkata (Duncata, Dungata) 08°17′/41°50′ 1228 m Dunkaz, see Denkez Dunkuku (Dunk'uk'u, Dunququ, Gara Doncuru) 09°11′/41°10′ 2226m mountain at 09°09′/41°09 2130 m dunkur: denkoro (dänqoro) (A) deaf; kurre (O) lake with Dunkur (Duncur, Dongur, Dangur, Dangvur) (Dongar) 11°59′/35°55′ 708/900, 2375 m Dunkur (Duncur, Duncar) 12°13′/36°00′ 882 m "At Dunkur, west of Lake Tana, the 1500m Mesozoic somerking the extreme limit of the Mesozoic transgressive be confused with the Nubian Sandstone of Sudan." [Mohr, Geology 1961 p 71]	om) food 07/34 09/40 03/41 09/42 08/41 09/41 th rainwate 11/35 11/35 12/36 succession elly of shore e sea. This	[WO] [Ne Wa WO Gz] [WO] [Gz] [+ Gz Wa] [Gz q WO] T [Gz WO Gu Wa] [18] [+ WO Gz] of the middle Abbai e-line sandstones s sandstone should not
GCU04 JDG79 JBJ32 JDJ27 JDC12 HEK81 JDH15 HEH22 HEH53 geol	duni (Som) world; duunni (Som) small boat; dhuuni (Som) uni (area) Dunkaga (Duncaga) 09°40′/40°39′ 822 m Dunkal (waterhole) Dunkaley 09°18°/42°16′ 1782 m Dunkata (Duncata, Dungata) 08°17′/41°50′ 1228 m Dunkaz, see Denkez Dunkuku (Dunk'uk'u, Dunququ, Gara Doncuru) 09°11′/41°10′ 2226m mountain at 09°09′/41°09 2130 m dunkur: denkoro (dänqoro) (A) deaf; kurre (O) lake with Dunkur (Duncur, Dongur, Dangur, Dangvur) (Dongar) 11°59′/35°55′ 708/900, 2375 m Dunkur (Duncur, Duncar) 12°13′/36°00′ 882 m "At Dunkur, west of Lake Tana, the 1500m Mesozoic somerking the extreme limit of the Mesozoic transgressive be confused with the Nubian Sandstone of Sudan." [Mohr, Geology 1961 p 71] Dunnan (Dhana) 07°38′/42°33′ 700 m	om) food 07/34 09/40 03/41 09/42 08/41 09/41 th rainwate 11/35 11/35 12/36 uccession elly of shore	[WO] [Ne Wa WO Gz] [WO] [Gz] [+ Gz Wa] [Gz q WO] or [Gz WO Gu Wa] [18] [+ WO Gz] of the middle Abbai e-line sandstones
GCU04 JDG79 JBJ32 JDJ27 JDC12 HEK81 JDH15 HEH22 HEH53 geol	duni (Som) world; duunni (Som) small boat; dhuuni (Som) uni (area) Dunkaga (Duncaga) 09°40′/40°39′ 822 m Dunkal (waterhole) Dunkaley 09°18°/42°16′ 1782 m Dunkata (Duncata, Dungata) 08°17′/41°50′ 1228 m Dunkaz, see Denkez Dunkuku (Dunk'uk'u, Dunququ, Gara Doncuru) 09°11′/41°10′ 2226m mountain at 09°09′/41°09 2130 m dunkur: denkoro (dänqoro) (A) deaf; kurre (O) lake with Dunkur (Duncur, Dongur, Dangur, Dangvur) (Dongar) 11°59′/35°55′ 708/900, 2375 m Dunkur (Duncur, Duncar) 12°13′/36°00′ 882 m "At Dunkur, west of Lake Tana, the 1500m Mesozoic somarking the extreme limit of the Mesozoic transgressive be confused with the Nubian Sandstone of Sudan." [Mohr, Geology 1961 p 71] Dunnan (Dhana) 07°38′/42°33′ 700 m Dunquam, see Dinkwam	om) food 07/34 09/40 03/41 09/42 08/41 09/41 th rainwate 11/35 11/35 12/36 succession elly of shore e sea. This	[WO] [Ne Wa WO Gz] [WO] [Gz] [+ Gz Wa] [Gz q WO] T [Gz WO Gu Wa] [18] [+ WO Gz] of the middle Abbai e-line sandstones s sandstone should not
GCU04 JDG79 JBJ32 JDJ27 JDC12 HEK81 JDH15 HEH22 HEH53 geol	duni (Som) world; duunni (Som) small boat; dhuuni (Som) uni (area) Dunkaga (Duncaga) 09°40'/40°39' 822 m Dunkal (waterhole) Dunkaley 09°18°/42°16' 1782 m Dunkata (Duncata, Dungata) 08°17'/41°50' 1228 m Dunkaz, see Denkez Dunkuku (Dunk'uk'u, Dunququ, Gara Doncuru) 09°11'/41°10' 2226m mountain at 09°09'/41°09 2130 m dunkur: denkoro (dänqoro) (A) deaf; kurre (O) lake with Dunkur (Duncur, Dongur, Dangur, Dangvur) (Dongar) 11°59'/35°55' 708/900, 2375 m Dunkur (Duncur, Duncar) 12°13'/36°00' 882 m "At Dunkur, west of Lake Tana, the 1500m Mesozoic somerking the extreme limit of the Mesozoic transgressive be confused with the Nubian Sandstone of Sudan." [Mohr, Geology 1961 p 71] Dunnan (Dhana) 07°38'/42°33' 700 m Dunquam, see Dinkwam dunkwan (A) tent	om) food 07/34 09/40 03/41 09/42 08/41 09/41 th rainwate 11/35 11/35 12/36 succession elly of shore e sea. This	[WO] [Ne Wa WO Gz] [WO] [Gz] [+ Gz Wa] [Gz q WO] Tr [Gz WO Gu Wa] [18] [+ WO Gz] of the middle Abbai e-line sandstones s sandstone should not
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JDK48	Duoddada Giha, see Dwoddada Jiha		
HEC79	Duoken (Duochen) (village)	11/37	[+ I t]
	(with mineral spring 1 km to the south-west)		
HBM03	Duomulla, see Dudmulla		
HDM94	Duoro, see Dworo		
HED51	Duot (area)	11/37	[WO]
HDA47	Dupa (Dubba)	08/35	[MS WO]
JEB95	Dupty, see Dubti		_
	dur (A,T) forest, woods; (O) at first, before, already;		
	dur (Som) 1. kind of tree, Tamarix aphylla, T. nilotica,		
	blueish green and sometimes making pure stands on flo	od plains	
	and near rivers, its leaves excrete salt and are rather sca	-	
	only, so that tamarisk may be mistaken for a conifer;		
	dhuur (Som) evergreen tree /tamarisk as above?/;		
	dhur (Som) 1. good thing; 2. scoop up; 3. breed, increa	se;	
	duur (Som) 1. jungle; 2. kind of bush plant	,	
HEU61	Dur Anbesa 13°16'/39°28' 2086 m (w church Mikael)	13/39	[Gz]
JCD69	Dur Barrach (area)	05/43	[WO]
	dur harre: harre (O) donkey		E
JCE34	Dur Harre (Dur Harrei) (area)	05/43	[+ WO]
	dur kuni: <i>kunni</i> (qunnii) (O) tall grass that		[]
	grows by rivers		
HEM00	Dur Kuni (area)	11/39	[WO]
1121/100	2 0. 120 (4.30)	11,00	[•]
	dura (O) parrot		
??	Dura (river in Gojjam)	/	[Ch Mi]
	Prospecting for gold was carried out early in this valley	by local in	nhabitants. [N

Prospecting for gold was carried out early in this valley by local inhabitants. [Mineral 1966]

/In 1927:/ "Dura River is negro country -- The Abyssinians and Negroes had not quite forgotten their old feuds, and mutual suspicion remained. A few years earlier it was customary for the Abyssinians to make yearly raids for slaves. Ras Hailu, acting on orders from the Central Government, had stopped this -- The rivers in this region are confusing, for there are two Dura rivers /cf Dura Ebelli/ as well as the Dora. -- The Dura basin is mostly forest and is given up to the Negroes, who live down in the bottom; their villages of round thatched huts were clustered round the tops of small hills. -- After the Dura came slightly higher ground occupied mostly by Gallas, who -- occupy land too low to be successfully colonised by men of Amhara stock. -- The Dura ford was easy -- Most of the river-bed was in solid basalt, the ford crossing at a sill of rock which forms a deep pool upstream several hundred yards long, in which big fish could be seen swimming in the clear water. -- We camped by the Dura, and in the evening a negro chief with his band of musicians appeared on a friendly visit -- He said that the last time a European came through this way his father had brought a present of eggs and the European had given him a robe of honour. -- The musical instruments were from four to five feet in length and were made from the narrow part of calabashes joined together. Some were held straight in front of the players and others sideways -- they departed through the forest, lighting their way with torches of dry grass. The blazing fragments that dropped from these set fire to many patches of grass, but as the forest grass had previously been burnt off the flames did not spread far -- The altitude of the Dura was about 4400 feet /1340 m/." [Cheesman 1936]

?? **Dura** 11/36 [n]

After the Emperor had left Belaiya and passed lower Metekel, a camp for the Emperor's party was selected at Dura on 2 March 1941 "by a stream with a waterfall". Haile Selassie moved up there on 4 March, against the intentions of the British in Khartoum. Of forces sent on from Dura on 7 March there were Fitawrari Birru's with 300 mules.

The Emperor, with Nott and the rear headquarters, left Dura on 10 March and arrived at

Burye on 14 March. [Shirreff 1995 p 102, 124]

HCH87 Dura, see Durra

HFE52 Dura 14°06'/38°38' 2102 m 14/38 [Gz] ?? Dura Ebelli (river in Gojjam) ../.. [Mi]

An affluent of the Abay. Gold has been exploited for a long time by hand panning, and systematic prospecting has taken place in the valley. [Mineral 1966]

HBS92 Duraiti 05°25'/37°41' 884 m 05/37 [WO Gz] ?? Durajala (Durajela) (mountain), cf Jaladura ../.. [Ch]

A prominent mountain on the right bank of the Abay. "To the south of it, it was known as Jaladura. The people to the north of it called it Durajela. I pointed this out to an official, and his only reply was: We call it Durajala." [Cheesman 1936]

HCK95 **Durame** (Duramie) 07°10′/38°00′ 2101 m 07/38 [MS Po Ad]

(sub post office under Shashemene)

(centre in 1964 of Kedida Gamel Gamela wereda)

The main town for the Kambaata-speaking southwest Gurage.

The SIM missionary John Phillips arrived to the Kembata region in February 1933 having been appointed to start a station at Durame. A station was built, and in April 1934 the Phillips's family was well established at the station and Miss Zillah Walsh joined them. On 8 March 1936 the three missionaries were forced to evacuate to the Lambuda station, as the Italian invasion had caused unrest in the area. On 8 May 1936 a civil war was started between the local population and the remaining Amhara, and the station in Durame was soon to be sacked by a mob.

Places around Durame where the SIM missionaries are said to have been preaching were Dato, Megere, Arsho, Mesafe, Kacha, Oshoro and Amburse.

[Grenstedt 2000 p 62]

When SIM had to leave in 1937 because of the Italian occupation, the missionaries had not yet baptised more than about 10 converts, with another about 20 baptised by Ethiopians.

1940s When it was possible for the missionaries to return in 1946, they found that the Kambata Evangelical Church had grown to about 10,000 members in the meantime.

[Grenstedt 2000 p 18-19]

The SIM station was not reopened during the 1940s.

"In late 1951 it was enthusiastically stated that people around Durame turned to Christ at a rate of 100 per day."

[Grenstedt p 94]

In 1952 Ato Mersha Tesema and Ato Abura Bachore of the Kambata Evangelical Church presented a letter to the Emperor, which contained a list of 65 prisoners. 36 of these were imprisoned in Durame.

In 1953 the SIM station in Durame was reopened, with a new elementary school. In this year a conference of the KEC was held in Durame.

Ralph Jacobson was a missionary at Durame in 1952-1965.

The Bible-school moved from Durame to Hosaina in 1969.

From 1969 the name *Kale Hiywot Churches* (KHC) began to be used by members of SIM-related churches. Wendiye Oli started writing the history of KHC, and the first volume concerning 1928-41, published in 1998 in Amharic, contains life-stories of several KHC leaders.

Some Ethiopian leaders within KHC or EECMY who at some time within 1960s-1980s lived in Durame were Yacob Baffa, Tesfai Yacob, Ayele Asale, Qes Asfaw Qelbero, Dr Tarekegn Adebe, Dr Teferi Sendabo (the two last-mentioned were later scholars in Sweden).

[Grenstedt 2000 p 32]

1960s	The primary school (in Kembata awraja) in 1968 had 109 boys and 23 girls in grades 1-4, with two teachers. Sudan Interior Mission school had 152 boys and 36 girls in grades 5-6,				
1980s	with 6 male teachers (all Ethiopians). There was a post office by then. Swedish EFS missionaries at Durame in 1983-1986 were Pastor Staffan Grenstedt (b 1952) & wife teacher Ingela (b 1953). In 1984 it was possible to sell Bibles openly at the market in Durame, although a little further south, in Sidamo, it was forbidden even to sing Christian hymns at funerals.				
	[Grenstedt 2000] Around 1995 Durame was capital of the Kambata/Alaba/Tembero Zone of the SNNPRS federal entity (Southern Nations).				
НС	Duranie Adilo (in Goshgola sub-district) 07/38? [Ad] The primary school in 1968 had 110 boys and 7 girls in grades 1-4,				
JCE23	with one (!) teacher. Durarey (Durarei) durba (O) girl, virgin, unmarried young woman; (Som) of thurbe (Som) grass	05/43 quickly;	[+ WO]		
HDL42	Durba, see Derba				
HEC54c	Durbete (Dure Bete) (sub P.O. under D.Markos)	11/37	[MS Po]		
HEJ10c	Durbete sub-district (Dur Betie) (centre in 1964 = Abichekli Maryam)	11/36	[MS Ad]		
??	Durbit (historically recorded area)	/	[Pa]		
1400s	"The report of the Fransiscan Brother Thomas of Angot: Bali, he says was in commercial contact with a great emporium at Durbit or Turbit(?), which was probably as far north as present-day Wällo. Evidently a place of considerable importance which reportedly held a market on three great occasions a year, it was visited by merchants from as far afield as Damot, Gojjam, Agäw, and Tegray." [Pankhurst 1961 p 309, Pankhurst 1997 p 137]				
JBU91	Durdere 05°25'/44°28' 213 m	05/44	[WO Gz]		
JCS84	Durdofan 07°58'/42°52' 921 m	07/42	[Gz]		
JCDOT	durdur (Som) stream, running water	07/42			
JEC07	Durdur (Dur Dur) (mountain) durdurgabo: gaabo (Som) to be short	10/42	[WO Gu]		
JDJ85	Durdurgabo (area)	09/42	[WO]		
	dure (durä) (A) dark, almost black colour				
HEF54	Dure 11°20'/39°44' 2070 m	11/39	[Gz]		
??	Durema? Durma? in Arussi province. Sudan Interior Mission had a clinic there.	/	[x]		
HDB30	Dureni (Durenni) (area)	08/35	[Ad WO]		
HDB41	Dureni sub-district? (-1997-)	08/35	[n]		
HDB41	Dureni wereda (centre in 1964 = Elemo) durey, duray (Som) cold, headcold; dura durach (Som) large wild fig tree. Figure systematics	08/35	[+ Ad]		
JCK81	dure, durreh (Som) large wild fig tree, Ficus sycomorus Durey (Durei) (area)	07/42	[+ WO]		
HCA24	Durgane (area)	05/35	[WO]		
HC	Durge (in Kembata & Hadiya awraja) The primary school in 1968 had 36 boys and 6 girls in graith one teacher.	07/37? rades 1-3,	[Ad]		
??	Durgi (in Sidamo)	/	[x]		
1970s	An elementary school built of concrete elements and with				
ESBU was completed around 1970. [SIDA 1971]					

********	5 11	10/00	rayo.	
HET88	Durguhia	13/39	[WO]	
JCK94	Durhi 07°12'/42°54' 808 m	07/42	[WO Gz]	
	duri (O) 1. old; 2. lion's mane; (Som) catch a cold;			
ICI/ 40	dhuuri (Som) ache, pain	06/42	[WO C-1	
JCK49	Duri 06°43'/43°21' 503 m	06/43	[WO Gz]	
JCS84	Duri (Moia-Duri) (well)	08/42	[WO MS]	
JDH29c	Durko (Durco) (area)	09/41	[+ Gu]	
	Populated and cultivated area, with two isolated places			
IIDD16	terraces. On the southern side is a valley with intense co			
HBR16	Durmo, D. (area)	04/37	[WO]	
	duro (western O) Diospyros scabra /a kind of tree?/;			
	(O) group of 5x6 sheaves; (A) long ago;	سئام م		
	Warra Duro (people/family of Duro), name of a Jarso t	ribe		
HBS91	of the eastern Oromo; <i>dhuro</i> (Som) draw water Duro 05°24'/37°37' 967 m	05/37	$[C_{\pi}]$	
HCC06	Duro 03°24/37°37 907 III	05/37	[Gz] [WO]	
HCC16	Duro (mountain area) 05°31'/37°12' 1806/2743 m	05/37	[WO] [WO Gz]	
HCL94	Duro (Daro) (mountain) 07°14'/38°49' 2981 m	03/37	•	
HCT04	Duro (mountain) 07°14′/38°49′ 2981 m Duro (mountain) 07°14′/38°49′ 2981/3094 m	07/38	[Gz] [WO Gz]	
ПС104 ??	` '	/	[Po]	
!!	Durpa (visiting postman under Gore) durra (Arabic), dura (A) greater millet, Sorghum vulga		[FO]	
HCH87	Durra (Dura) 07°03'/36°25' 2189 m	07/36	[MS WO Gz]	
HFE63	Durra sub-district (centre in 1964 = Aksum)	14/38	[MS WO GZ] [Ad]	
JBT71	Durre (Dori)	05/43	[WO]	
JCM43	Durre 06°41'/44°37' 498 m	05/43	[WO Gz]	
JCIVI43	Coordinates would give map code JCM33	00/44	[WO OZ]	
JDH26	Durro 09°18'/41°17' 2160 m, cf Duro	09/41	[Gz]	
JCK09	Durualeh 06°23'/43°21' 364 m	06/43	[WO Gz]	
JEN98	Durubu 13°32'/40°30' -59 m, below sea level	13/40	[Gz]	
JEN90	duruf (Arabic) kinds of tree, Ficus spp.;	13/40	[UZ]	
	(Arabic, Som) empty sack, worn out cloth			
JEP88	Durufle (waterhole) 13°24'/41°27'	13/41	[WO Gz]	
JLI 00	durugsi (Som) expansion, moving something away	13/71	[WO OZ]	
JDF54	Duruksi, see Deruksi & KDA38 KDA47			
JCM47	Durwa (Durua)	06/44	[+ WO]	
JDD86	Durwale (Uarroh) 08°56′/43°05′ 1415 m	08/43	[Gz]	
JDD96	Durwale 08°59'/43°07' 1505 m	08/43	[Gz]	
JDD81	Durwali (area)	08/42	[WO]	
02201	dus (Harari) honey	00/ 12	[,,, 0]	
HBP85	Dus, see Duss			
JDJ40	Duse 09°26′/41°39′ 2316 m	09/41	[Gz]	
HCP56	Duseta 07°45'/36°15' 2109 m	07/36	[Gz]	
	dusha (O) kosso tree, Hagenia abyssinica			
JDE25	Dusha (Duscia) (area)	08/43	[+ WO]	
JDE40	Dusha (Duscia) (area)	08/43	[+ WO]	
JDE24	Dusha Milmil (Duscia M.) 08°22'/43°50' 1261 m	08/43	[Gz]	
HCG	Dushi	07/35	[n]	
	A village 30 km from Tepi in a forest and populated by	the Mejing	ger small group of	
	people.			
	Lutheran Aid and the Swedish missionaries John and Gudrun Eriksson worked there			
	around 1990 and 2,100 families were targeted by the project. Most of the Mejinger are			
	members of the Mekane Yesus Church.			
	[Tenaestelin (Sthlm) 1990 no 2 p 20-22]			
HCJ56	Dusi	06/37	[WO]	

05/36

[x n]

Duss (Dus, Doose) (village)

HBP85

HBP85	Duss (Dus, Doose) (village)	05/36	[x n]		
	A major village of the Karo people, in the region where	there are the	he Mago National Park		
	and the Murle Controlled Hunting Area. [Camerapix 1995]				
1980s	The researcher Hiroshi Matsuda spent some months in t	The researcher Hiroshi Matsuda spent some months in the village of Dus in 1986.			
	He returned to the region in 1988.	2			
	Dus "had a mixed population of Koegu and Kara. The ty	vo groups	were closely integrated		
	in a relationship I call annexation, and the name Karo w		• •		
	<u> </u>				
	While I was there, this relationship broke down amidst of	conflict	Local government		
	officials were concerned about the conflict."				
	[H Matsuda in Ethnicity 1994 p 50]				
	"On 21 February, a Nyangatom war party crossed the O				
	moved northwards up the east bank of the Omo, turned		_		
	attacked Mursi - mainly women and children - who had	sought saf	ety by gathering		
	together in the bush."				
	[D Turton in Ethnicity 1994 p 25]				
	Population about 500 around year 2000.				
pict	A Chenevière, Ethiopie, Paris 1989 p 92 colour picture	e			
r	of warriors leaving the village for an expedition	-			
	or warriors leaving the viriage for the expedition				
??	Dusta (visiting postman under Jimma), cf Duseta	/	[Po]		
• •		••/ ••	լք Օյ		
ICV70	duthub goni: <i>gooni</i> (Som) separateness, alone	06/42	[WO]		
JCK70	Duthub Goni (area)	06/42	[WO]		
	duto kullo: kulo (Som) get angry				
	Kullo, Kulo, an ethnic group of substantial size				
HDK26	Duto Kullo (D. Kullu), see Kolu				
	dutte dertu: dertu, deertuu (O) tall /female/				
JDH45	Dutte Dertu (area) 1608 m	09/41	[WO]		
HES02	Duvresso (area)	12/37	[WO]		
	duw (Som) shift, move, change;				
	duwa, duwwa (O) alone, empty, tasteless, dull;				
	du- a (O) death; du - aa (O) carcass				
JDR94	Duwavlaka (with water, recorded in 1841)	10/42	[Ha]		
HDM80	Duwera (Duera) (area)	09/39	[+ WO]		
??		/	[Gu]		
: :	Dux (pass)		= =		
	Name proposed by an Italian expedition Romegialli and	пешопес	1 at least III Guida 1938		
	p 255.				
	duyer ali, cf Ali as first part of name				
KCR21	Duyer Ali (Duierali) 07°30'/46°45' 526 m	07/46	[WO Gz]		
GDE16	Dwaljiok	08/33	[WO]		
JCD83	Dwey Tama (Duei Tama)	06/42	[+ WO]		
JDK48	Dwoddada Jiha (Duoddada Giha) (area)	09/43	[+ WO]		
HDM94	Dworo (Duoro) (area)	09/39	[+ WO]		
HCN56	Dyesha (Diescia)	07/35	[+ WO]		
HER06	Dyesha	12/37	[WO]		
	√		E 3		